

TABLE 4. THE EFFECT OF PRESSURE ON THE IDEAL RESISTIVITY  
OF POTASSIUM

$T$ (°K)	$-\partial \ln \rho_i / \partial p$ ( $10^{-6}$ atm $^{-1}$ )	$-A$ ( $10^{-5}$ atm $^{-1}$ )	$B$ ( $10^{-9}$ atm $^{-2}$ )	$-C$ ( $10^{-13}$ atm $^{-3}$ )	$\partial \ln \rho'_i / \partial \ln V$
Specimen K (2)					
15·4 <sub>0</sub>	24·1 ± 0·4	23·2 ± 0·3	37 ± 5	60 ± 100	8·5 <sub>5</sub> ± 0·15
20·3 <sub>5</sub>	22·8 ± 0·3	21·9 ± 0·2	29 ± 5	12 ± 100	8·1 <sub>5</sub> ± 0·1
29·8	20·6 ± 0·2	19·6 <sub>5</sub> ± 0·2	23 ± 2	11 ± 38	7·3 <sub>2</sub> ± 0·1
61·1	17·0 ± 0·2	16·0 ± 0·2	17 ± 1	12 ± 29	6·0 <sub>2</sub> ± 0·1
78·0	16·7 ± 0·2	15·7 ± 0·2	19 ± 2	15 ± 20	5·7 <sub>4</sub> ± 0·1
116·7	16·0 <sub>5</sub> ± 0·2	15·9 <sub>5</sub> ± 0·2	17 ± 1	5 ± 18	5·7 <sub>9</sub> ± 0·1
196·6	18·1 ± 0·1	17·0 ± 0·1	23 ± 2	17 ± 38	5·6 <sub>4</sub> ± 0·1
273·7	19·0 ± 0·1	17·9 ± 0·1	22 ± 1	11 ± 41	5·7 <sub>5</sub> ± 0·15
308·8	20·1 ± 0·2	18·9 ± 0·2	27 ± 1	18 ± 20	5·6 <sub>0</sub> ± 0·15
308·8*	—	—	—	—	5·7 <sub>2</sub> * ± 0·05
Specimen K (5)					
4·2 <sub>0</sub> †	30 ± 3	—	—	—	10·7 ± 1
20·4 <sub>0</sub>	22·8 <sub>5</sub> ± 0·2	21·9 ± 0·2	28 ± 5	— 9 ± 100	8·1 <sub>6</sub> ± 0·1
36·5	19·7 ± 0·2	18·8 ± 0·2	25 ± 2	23 ± 40	7·0 <sub>3</sub> ± 0·1
79·2	16·8 ± 0·2	15·8 ± 0·2	19 ± 2	13 ± 50	5·8 <sub>0</sub> ± 0·1
273·1 <sub>5</sub>	19·2 ± 0·1	18·1 ± 0·1	26 ± 1	21 ± 41	5·5 <sub>9</sub> ± 0·15
Bridgman (1921, 1925)					
273·1 <sub>5</sub>	20·4 ± 0·5‡	—	—	—	—
298·0	19·6 ± 0·5	—	—	—	—
333·0	21·1 ± 0·5	—	—	—	—

\* This point corresponds to the density at 308·8 °K.

† A large correction was necessary for the effect of pressure on residual resistivity.

‡ Estimated error.

TABLE 5. DETAILS OF THE SODIUM SPECIMENS

specimen	$R_{420K} / R_{2730K}$	comments	source of material
Na (1)	$6·9 \times 10^{-4}$	—	laboratory stock
Na (2)	$7·1 \times 10^{-4}$		
Na (3)	$4·0 \times 10^{-4}$	specimen in glass capillary*	N. V. Phillips, Eindhoven
Na (4)	$2·0 \times 10^{-4}$		
Na (5)	$2·9 \times 10^{-4}$	—	
Na (6)†	$3·0 \times 10^{-4}$	—	Messrs A. D. Mackay & Co., New York
Na (7)	$3·8 \times 10^{-4}$	—	
Na (9)	$7·3 \times 10^{-4}$	—	laboratory stock

\* We are grateful to Dr S. B. Woods for the loan of this specimen.

† The absolute resistivity of a specimen from this stock was  $4·7_5 \times 10^{-6} \Omega \text{ cm}$  at 22·0 °C (corrected for residual resistivity). The precision of this result is about 1%. Previous values at this temperature are  $4·7_0 \times 10^{-6} \Omega \text{ cm}$  (Hackspill 1910) and  $4·8_4 \pm 0·1 \times 10^{-6} \Omega \text{ cm}$  (Bradshaw & Pearson 1956).